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Name (Print/Type)	Michael A. Moore	Centralized Fax No. 703-872-9306
Signature	Muchael a. ma	Ne Bate February 25, 2004

PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of)		
PAUL A. SECHRIST	j		
)	Examiner:	Strickland, Jonas N.
Serial No.: 10/007,853)		
)	Art Unit:	. 1754
Filed: November 5, 2001)		
)		
Attorney Docket No. 106462)		
)		
CYCLIC CATALYST REGENERATION	.)		
PROCESS USING ADSORPTION)		
AND DESORPTION ON VENT STREAM)		
	REPLY		•

Commissioner for Patents

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

In response to the Office action dated September 25, 2003, favorable reconsideration of the subject application is respectfully requested in view of the following remarks.

REMARKS

Claims 1-22 are pending.

Claims 1-4, 18, and 19 are objected to because they recite "selected from the group consisting of". It is believed that these claims are acceptable, since one acceptable form of alternative expression in claims is a Markush group, which recites members as being "selected from the group consisting of ...". MPEP § 2173.05(h) Alternative Limitations, I. Markush Groups. Therefore, it is submitted that these objections should be withdrawn.

10/007,853 Reply

Claims 1-22 of the subject application are provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. §101 as being unpatentable over claims 1-22 of copending U.S. Application No. 10/010,564 on the grounds that claims 1-22 of the subject application claim the same invention as claims 1-22 of the '564 application. This rejection should be withdrawn because claims 1-22 of the subject application do not claim the same invention as claims 1-22 of the '564 application.

Claim 1 of the subject application recites in (d) forming the regeneration inlet stream from both at least a portion of the desorption effluent stream and a second portion of the regeneration effluent stream, while claim 1 of the '564 application recites in (d) forming the regeneration inlet stream from at least a portion of the desorption effluent stream. The test for same invention is "whether one of the claims being compared could be literally infringed without literally infringing the other. If it could be, the claims cannot define identically the same invention." In re Vogel, 164 U.S.P.Q. 619, 622 (CCPA, 1970). In this case, if the regeneration inlet stream is not formed from a second portion of the regeneration effluent stream, then claim 1 of the '564 application could be literally infringed without literally infringing claim 1 of the subject application, which requires that the regeneration inlet stream be formed from a second portion of the regeneration effluent stream. Therefore, claim 1 of the subject application does not claim the same invention as claim 1 of the '564 application. Accordingly, it is believed that claim 1 of the subject application meets the requirements of 35 U.S.C. §101 and that the rejection of claims 2-15 of the subject application under 35 U.S.C. §101 should be withdrawn. The rejection of claims 2-15 of the subject application because they are dependent on claim 1 of the subject application.

Claim 16 of the subject application recites in (e) forming the regeneration inlet stream from both at least a portion of the desorption effluent stream and a second portion of the regeneration effluent stream, while claim 16 of the '564 application recites in (e) forming the regeneration inlet stream from at least a portion of the desorption effluent stream. If the regeneration inlet stream is not formed from a second portion of the regeneration effluent stream, then claim 16 of the '564 application could be literally infringed without literally infringing claim 16 of the subject application, which requires that the regeneration inlet stream be formed from a second portion of the regeneration effluent stream. Therefore, claim 16 of the subject application does not claim the same invention as claim 16 of the '564 application. Accordingly, it is believed that claim 16 of the subject application meets the requirements of 35 U.S.C. §101 and that the rejection of claim 16 of the subject application under 35 U.S.C. §101 should be withdrawn. The rejection of claims 17-22 of the subject application under 35 U.S.C. §101 should be withdrawn for the reason given in support of claim 16 of the subject application because they are dependent on claim 1 of the subject application.

Claims 1-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Paten: No. 5,965,473 (Sechrist). Claim 1 recites a process comprising contacting a regeneration inlet stream with a catalyst in (a) and contacting a desorption inlet stream with an adsorbent in (c). Sechrist teaches a process in which a regenerant gas contacts catalyst in a catalyst bed in order to regenerate that catalyst and in which the contacting removes chloro-species from the catalyst. Col. 2, lines 1-8, col. 11, line 24 to col. 12, line 59, and col. 20, line 66 to col. 21, line 42. But Sechrist does not teach or suggest a process that comprises both contacting a regeneration inlet stream with a catalyst and contacting a desorption inlet stream with an adsorbent. In fact, Sechrist teaches away from using an adsorbent that is separate from the catalyst. Col. 2, line 19 to col. 3, line 18. Therefore, Sechrist does not motivate a person of ordinary skill in the art to contact an adsorbent with a desorption inlet stream. Accordingly, it is believed that claim 1 meets the requirements of 35 U.S.C. §103(a) and that the rejection of claim 1 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Sechrist should be withdrawn. The rejection of claims 2-15 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Sechrist should be withdrawn for the reasons given in support of claim 1 since they are dependent on claim 1. Claim 16 recites a process comprising passing a regeneration inlet stream to a catalyst bed containing a catalyst in (b) and passing a desorption inlet stream to a desorption zone containing an adsorbent in (d). The rejection of claims 16 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Sechrist should be withdrawn for the reasons given in support of claim 1. The rejection of claims 17-22 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Sechrist should be withdrawn for the reasons given in support of claim 16 since they are dependent on claim 16.

In view of the foregoing remarks, favorable reconsideration of the subject application is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

UOP LLC

Michael A. Moore Attorney for Applicant

Reg. No. 41,203

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<i>'</i>		Application Number	10/007,853		
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		Examiner Name	Strickland,	Jonas	s N.
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Typed or printed name Michael A.	Moore				
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Name (Print/Type) Michael A. Moore Centralized Fax # (703) 872-9306

Signature Date February 25, 2004

PATENT APPLICATION

Strickland, Jonas N.

1754

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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FEB 2 5 2004

In re Application of Paul A. Sechrist

Serial No.: 10/007,853

Filed:

11/05/2001

Attorney Docket No. 106462

CYCLIC CATALYST REGENERATION PROCESS OF USING ADSORPTION AND DESORPTION ON VENT STREAM

Commissioner for Patents Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF TIME

Applicant, through their attorney, respectfully requests a two-month extension of time within which to respond to the Office action dated September 25, 2003.

A fee transmittal form, as well as authorization for credit card payment of the fee, are attached.

Respectfully submitted,

Examiner:

Art Unit:

Confirmation No.: 7587

UOP LLC

Michael A. Moore Attorney for Applicant

Reg. No. 41,203

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action as well as from about 10 to about 20 weight-% of microcrystalline cellulose (Avicel®) and other pharmaceutically acceptable adjuvants. In the cited prior art literature no mention is made of the use of Methocel E4M 4000 cps in the proposed formulations with microcrystalline cellulose and glycerol ditripalmitostearate for hygroscopic and also for non-hydroscopic therapeutic agents. This combination is particularly advantageous for the preparation of sustained release systems of the present invention and in clinical tests it shows a bioavailability which is comparable with or superior to that of the known commercial preparations. No prior chemical or physical treatment of hydroxypropylmethylcellulose as proposed in some instances in the cited prior art is necessary for manufacturing the tablets of the present invention. Upon addition of the therapeutic agent and other ingredients, the mixture has an excellent compressibility and the tablets prepared therefrom are hard, stable and of low friability and provide a slow release rate of the therapeutic agent. The tableting of some therapeutic agents can be achieved by direct compressing without prior granulation, e.g. in the manufacture of aminophylline and propranolol hydrochloride sustained release tablets. For the manufacture of sustained release tablets of the present invention, various hygroscopic and non-hygroscopic therapeutic agents can be used, e.g. antiinflammatory substances (ketoprofen, indometacine, ibuprofen), coronary and cerebral vasodilators, peripheral vasodilators, anti-infectives, psychotropics and antimanics (lithium carbonate), antihistamines and anti-ulcus substances, laxatives, antiarrhythmics and anti-hypertensive drugs (propranolol hydrochloride), diuretics and drugs used in the treatment of migraine (dihydroergotamine mesylate) and many others.

It was found that sustained release tablets can be obtained by compressing high viscosity grade, i.e. high molecular weight hydroxypropylmethylcellulose (Methocel E4M, 4000 cps, Premium), microcrystalline cellulose, optionally glycerol ditripalmitostearate and other fillers, and the therapeutic agent in definite proportions. When the tablet is brought in contact with water or digestive fluids, a certain percentage of the therapeutic agent is rapidly released from the preparation into the solvent. The hydratation and the swelling of cellulose take place on the contact surface of the tablet with water and a gel barrier is formed. The rest of the therapeutic agent is then released more slowly, depending on the diffusion rate across the gel barrier and/or on its attrition.

The method for manufacturing sustained release tablets is based either on direct tableting or on previous dry or wet preparation of granules, which comprises thoroughly blending the hydroxypropylmethyl-cellulose carrier with the therapeutic agent in powdery or granular form, optionally with glycerol ditripal-mitostearate and the remaining conventional adjuvants used in the tablet manufacture, e.g. magnesium stearate, lactose, starch, i.e. binding, filling and swelling agents etc. The ingredients are compressed in conventional tableting machines to give products of desired shape, weight, hardness and low friability, thus providing for the desired prolonged release of the therapeutic agent within a period of up to 12 hours, depending on the shape and the hardness of the tablets and particularly on the carrier. Thus it is possible to produce long-acting ot sustained release tablets in a relatively simple and economical manner.

The following illustrative Examples are not to be considered limitative.

Example 1

Sustained release 350 mg aminophylline tablets (retard tablets) containing 27.8 % Methocel E4M, 4000 cps. Premium, are prepared from untreated Methocel E4M.

The 350 mg aminophylline tablets are prepared from the following ingredients:

Ingredients	mg/tablet	%
Aminophylline anhydrous	350.0 mg	54.68
Microcrystalline cellulose (Avicel)	74.0 mg	11.56
Aerosil 200	6.5 mg -	1.01
Precirol Ato 5 Gattefossé	18.0 mg	2.81
Magnesium stearate	5.5 mg	0.85
Dye FD & C 5 Yellow Al. lake	8.0 mg	1.25
Methocel E4M, Premium	ad 640.0 mg	27.8
	Aminophylline anhydrous Microcrystalline cellulose (Avicel) Aerosil 200 Precirol Ato 5 Gattefossé Magnesium stearate Dye FD & C 5 Yellow Al. lake	Aminophylline anhydrous 350.0 mg Microcrystalline cellulose (Avicel) 74.0 mg Aerosil 200 6.5 mg Precirol Ato 5 Gattefossé 18.0 mg Magnesium stearate 5.5 mg Dye FD & C 5 Yellow Al. lake 8.0 mg

Note:

Precirol Ato 5 (Gattefossé) is the commercial designation for glycerol ditripalmitostearate. Methocel E4M Premium is the designation of hydroxypropylmethylcellulose 4000 cps, Aerosil 200 is the designation for high purity SiO₂ (see H.P. Fiedler Lexikon der Holfsstoffe für Pharmazie, Kosmetik und angrenzende Gebiete: 2nd Edition 1981; Editio Cantor, Aulendorf, West Germany). The dye FD & C 5 Yellow Al. take (Capsugel AG, Başel) is on the tartrazine basis.

The anhydrous aminophylline. Methocel E4M, the dye, a part of Precirol, Aerosil and magnesium stearate are passed through an appropriate sieve and after the mixing the mixture is shaped into briquettes. The briquettes are ground to the desired granulation. To the granulate the remaining microcrystalline cellulose (Avicel), Precirol and magnesium stearate are added and mixed. The thus obtained granulate is compressed to tablets of desired shape, weight and hardness, whereby an adequate release of the therapeutic agent is achieved.

Test Results

Stability

The results of the analyses of accelerated and current stability tests demonstrate that the solid drug unit dosage form of sustained release 350 mg aminophylline tablets on the hydroxypropylmethylcellulose, type Methocel E4M Premium, carrier base material meets the requirements with respect to both the therapeutic agent release from the tablet and the chemical and physical stability over the whole storage time, as it is evident from the following tables with test results.

Table 1

Storage	+Storage conditions				++Storage conditions			
time (months)	20 <u>+</u> 5°C	40 <u>+</u> 1°C	50 <u>+</u> 1°0	25°C 80% rel. humidity	_	40 <u>+</u> 1°C	50 <u>+</u> 1 ⁰ 0	25°C 80% rel. humidity
0	100.0%	-	_	_	100.0%		_	_
3	99.5%	99.2%	99.7%	<u>-</u>	100.0%	96.5%	95.0%	-
6	99.9%	99.7%	99.2%	96.1%	99.5%	95.3%	93.8%	95.9%
12	101.1%	98.9%	97.5%	-	98.1%	91.0%	86.7%	<u>-</u>
24	98.5%	-	. –	96.7%	96.4%	_	-	96.2%
37	97.8%	-	-	95.8%	96.7%	_	-	95.8%

- Content: anhydrous theophylline; declared content = 300.0 mg (100 %)
- ++ Content: ethylene diamine; initial content = 52.22 mg (100 %)

Note: The results are expressed as a mean value of four determinations.

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Hardness (N)

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Apparatus: Erweka BT. producer Erweka-Apparatebau GmbH. Heuenstamm. Kr. Offenbach Main. West Germany

Table 2

	Storage time (months)	Storage conditions 20 + 5°C
	0	53.9 - 78.4 N
	3	53.9 - 78.4 N
	6	58.8 - 78.4 N
	12	53.9 - 88.2 N
-	37	44.1 - 78.4 N

The results are given for 10 tablets from minimum to maximum hardness.

Dissolution (release rate)

350 mg aminophylline tablets containing 300 mg of the therapeutic agent theophylline. Storage conditions: blister - room temperature.

Apparatus: apparatus 3 (USP XX).

Medium: artificial gastric and intestinal fluids, 600 ml.

Temperature: 37°C.

Quantitative analysis: UV spectrophotometry, 275 nm.

Requirement: after 1 hour: 10-30 %

after 3.5 hours: 45-75 % after 7 hours: 80 %

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45

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Table 3

Time	% of released theophylline				
(hrs)	analysis 1	analysis 2	analysis 3		
1	15.7%	15.5%	15.2%	,	
3.5	58.6%	54.3%	52.0%		
7	89.0%	85.1%	84.0%	•	

The foregoing tables demonstrate that even after prolonged storage at elevated temperatures sustained release aminophylline tablets remain practically unaltered, which assures a shelf life of 3 years at a temperature up to 25°C.

In vitro release rate of theophylline from sustained release 350 mg aminophylline tablets (A) of the aforesaid composition and from the commercial preparation sustained release 350 mg Phyllocontine forte tablets (P)

Apparatus 3 (USP XX).

Medium: artificial gastric and intestinal fluids, free of enzymes (USP XXI), 600 ml.

Temperature: 37°C.

Quantitative analysis: UV spectrophotometry, 275 nm.

5	Time (h)	% of released	theophylline	(X,	n=6)
	•	A	P		
	1	22.1	17.9		
10	2	35.4	32.6	•	•
	3.5	58.5	59.4		
, ,	5	75.0	79.7		
16	7	85.9	93-4	•	

Sustained release 350 mg Aminophylline tablets (A)

20			t _{max}	AUC ⁰⁻²⁴	AUC ⁰⁻
	mean	4.925	4.4	73.42	116.09
25	range	3.536-6.735	3–6	49.57-103.50	72.21-164.89
	No. of s.	10	10	10	10

Sustained release 350 mg Phyllocontin forte tablets (P)

		$c_{\mathtt{max}}$	tmax	AUC ⁰⁻²⁴	AUC ⁰ -∞
35 [°]		(µg/ml)	(h)	(µg.h/ml)	(µg.h/ml)
	mean	4.301	5.3	68.75	100.64
	range	3.076-6.559	2-8	41.58-122.70	55.19 - 187.52
40	No. of s.	10	10	. 10	10

Note:

30

C_{max} = maximal concentration of therapeutic agent in blood

t_{max} = time to maximal concentration of therapeutic agent in blood

AUC = area under the plasma concentration of therapeutic agent curve

No. of s. = number of subjects

The comparison preparation for sustained release 350 mg aminophylline tablets was the commercial preparation sustained release 350 mg Phyllocontin® forte tablets. The plasma concentration curve has a form suitable for a sustained release formulation. The pharmacokinetic parameters do not differ statistically significantly.

Example 2

The tablets are prepared from the following ingredients:

Sustained release 150 mg ketoprofen tablets containing 25.9 % Methocel E4M, Premium, 4000 cps, are prepared from untreated Methocel E4M.

Ingredients	mg/tablet	%
Ketoprofen	150.0 mg	51.72
Methocel E4M, 4000 cps, Premium	65.0 mg	22.41
microcrystalline cellulose (Avicel)	62.5 mg	21.55
magnesium stearate	3.0 mg	1.03
Aerosil 200	2.0 mg	0.68
polyvinylp y rrolidone K 25	7.5 mg	2.58

Ketoprofen and microcrystalline cellulose (Avicel) are mixed and then passed through an appropriate sieve. A part of Aerosil and of magnesium stearate are added to the mixture, which is then granulated with polyvinylpyrrolidone K 25. The granules are dried, passed through an appropriate sieve, then Methocel E4M Premium, the remaining Aerosil and magnesium stearate are added and mixed. The obtained granulate is tableted to tablets of desired shape, weight and hardness, whereby an appropriate release of the active ingredient is achieved.

Test results

25 Stability

Table 1: Ketoprofen content

Initial content: 149.7 mg/tablet = 100.0 %

	Storage time (days)	4 <u>+</u> 1°c	20 <u>+</u> 5°C	Storage 30±1°C	conditi 40 <u>+</u> 1°C	ons 50 <u>+</u> 1°C	80%	25 <u>+</u> 1°C
35	92	101.1%	100.9%	100.0%	97.9%	94.4%		98.7%
	186	100.9%	99.2%	98.3%		95.9%		99.3%
	356	100.4%	98.8%	99.7%	99.8%	_		99.8%

Table 2: Hardness of the tablets (N)

Apparatus: Erweka BT Initial value: 34.3-78.4 N

Storage time	Storage conditions				
(days)	4° ± 1°C	20° <u>+</u> 5°C	30° <u>+</u> 1°C		
92	34.3 - 44.1	44.1 - 58.8	53.9 - 63.7		
186	39.2 - 53.9	39.2 - 53.9	58.8 - 68.6		
356	53.9 - 63.7	49.0 - 63.7	58.8 - 68.6		

Table 3: Dissolution test (release rate)

Sustained release 150 mg ketoprofen tablets Storage conditions: small bottle - room temperature

Apparatus 1 (USP XXI): 100 rpm

Medium: artificial gastric and intestinal fluids, 1000 ml

Temperature: 37°C

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Quantitative analysis: UV spectrophotometry, 258 nm

Requirement: after 1 hour: 10-30 %

after 4 hours: 30-60 % after 8 hours: 50-75 % after 12 hours: > 70 %

15	Time		% of release	d ketoprofen	
	(hrs)	analysis 1	analysis 2	analysis 3	٠.
	1	21.6	21.3	20.7	
20	4	54.1	53.1	52.8	•
	8	73.4	71.2	72.5	,

On the basis of the accelerated stability test results it can be concluded that sustained release 150 mg ketoprofen tablets are stable and that at the temperature of up to 25°C there can be assumed a shelf life of 5 years.

In vitro dissolution or release rate of ketoprofen from tablets (50.0 mg) and from sustained release 150 mg ketoprofen tablets with aforesaid composition.

Apparatus 1 (USP XXI): 100 rpm Medium: phosphate buffer, pH 5.7, 900 ml

Temperature: 37°C

Quantitative analysis: UV spectrophotometry, 258 nm

Time (min) % of ketoprofen released from tablets (n=6)
5 59.6
15 91.6
30 96.5

Apparatus 1 (USP XXI): 100 rpm

Medium: artificial gastric and intestinal fluid, free of enzymes (USP XXI), 1000 ml

Temperature: 37°C

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Quantitative analysis: UV spectrophotometry, 258 nm

Time (hrs) % of ketoprofen released from sustained release ketoprofen tablets (n=6)

1 19.1
48.8

63.7

12 76.5

Samples of sustained release 150 mg ketoprofen tablets were tested in vivo in humans and compared with two 50 mg ketoprofen tablets after a single application. The results are given in the following table:

5	Type of tablets	Time to maximal concentration (hrs)	Maximal concentration (mg/l)	Total area under the curve (mg.h/l)
10	Sustained release 150 mg tablets			
	mean	5.44	2.31	26.1
	range	(2.0 - 12.0)	(1.39-3.49)	(15.5-42.3)
•5	Nó. of subjects	9	. 9	9
	Conventional tablets 2 x 50 mg			
20	mean	1_48	9.65	21.20
	range	(0.67-3.00)	(6.30-15.20)	(17.27-30.99)
	No. of subjects	8	8	. 8

The table clearly demonstrates the influence of prolonged release from the sustained release form upon the ketoprofen pharmacokinetics, which allows the number of application to be reduced to 1-2 daily.

Example 3

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Sustained release 160 mg propranolol hydrochloride tablets containing 36.2 % Methocel E4M Premium, 4000 cps. are prepared from untreated Methocel E4M. The tablets are prepared from the following ingredients:

Ingredients	mg/tablet	%
Propranolol hydrochloride	160	46.38
Methocel E4M, 4000 cps, Premium	125	36.23
microcrystalline cellulose	45.2	13.10
Precirol ATO 5	9.9	2.87
Aerosil 200	3 - 3	0.96
magnesium stearate	1.6	0.46

Sustained release propranolol tablets were prepared by briquetting the ingredients, followed by dominuting the briquettes, sieving thround an appropriate size sieve and forming a granulate.

Test results

The resulting granulate is homogenously mixed under the addition of an appropriate lubricant and again passed through a sieve.

The thus obtained granulate is tableted to tablets of desired shape, weight and hardness, whereby an appropriate release of the therapeutic agent is achieved.

Stability

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Table 1: Propranolol hydrochloride content

Initial content: 160 mg propranolol hydrochloride per tablet = 100.0 %

10	Storage (days)	time	Storage conditions					
, ,	(days)		4 <u>+</u> 1°C	20 <u>+</u> 5 ⁰ C	30 <u>+</u> 1°C	40 <u>+</u> 1°C	50 <u>+</u> 1°0	80 % humidity (25°C)
.5	126		99.1%	100.6%	99.8%	100.0%	99 - 9%	99.7%
_	220		100.7%	99.0%	100.7%	100.3%	100.8%	100.2%
	380		99.5%	100.0%	99.3%	99.0%	100.0%	99.6%

Table 2: Hardness of the tablets (N)

Apparatus: Erweka BT Initial value: 39.2 - 68.6 N

Sto	orage	time		Storage condit	ions
(da	ays)		4° + 1°C	20° <u>+</u> 5°C	30° <u>+</u> 1°C
12	6 .		58.8 - 68.6	63.7 - 68.6	63.7 - 73.5
22	0 .	*	49.0 - 63.7	44.173.5	58.8 - 73.5
38	0		73.5 - 88.2	73.5 - 88.2	78.4 - 88.2

Table 3: Dissolution test (release rate)

Propranolol hydrochloride: 160 mg tablets Storage conditions: blister - room temperature Apparatus 3 (USP XX)

Medium: artificial gastric fluid and intestinal fluids free of enzymes (USP XXI), 600 ml Temperature: 37°C

Quantitative analysis: UV spectrophotometry, 286 nm

Requirement: after 1 hour: 10-30 %

after 4 hours: 40-75 % after 8 hours: > 75 %

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Time	% of	released p	ropranolol	hydrochlori	de
(hrs)	analysis 1	analýsis 2	analysis 3	analysis 4	analysis 5
1	26.8	22.0	22.5	22.8	22.5
2	41.4	35 - 4	37.0	37.2	35.9
4	62.9	56.3	56.5	57.7	56.0
6	78.2	73.1	70.6	74.1	71.8
8	88.8	83.4	81.1	83.7	84.0

On the basis of accelerated stability test results it was found that sustained release 160 mg propranolol hydrochloride tablets are stable and at at the temperature of 25°C a shelf life of 3 years can be assured.

<u>In vitro</u> release rate of propranolol hydrochloride from sustained release 160 mg tablets with aforesaid composition (P) and form the commercial preparation sustained release 160 mg Inderal® tablets (I). Apparatus 3 (USP XX)

Medium: artificial gastric and intestinal fluids free of enzymes (USP XXI), 600 ml

Temperature: 37°C

Quantitative analysis: UV spectrophotometry, 286 nm

Time	% of	released pr	opranolol hydro	ocnioriae
(hrs)	•	P .	I	
1		19.5	17.0	•
2		31.8	35.2	
4		50.3	56.2	
6	_ (65.5	69.0	
8		77.3	77-4	
Sustaine	d release 1	60 mg propra	nolol hydrochlo	oride tablets
	t max (h)	C _{max} (ng/ml)	AUC ⁰⁻²⁴ (ng.h/ml)	AUC ^{O-00} (ng.h/ml)
mean	5.0	22.09	292.29	492.92
range	2.0-13.8	11.10-41.50	134.68-727.70	194.64-1695.31
No. of s	. 8. ·	8	8	. 8
Sustaine	d release 1	60 mg Indera	l ^R tablets	
•	Cmax	tmax	AUC ⁰⁻²⁴	AUC ^O -∞
	(ng/ml)	(h)	(ng.h/ml)	(ng.h/ml)
mean	16.64	6.75	20.60	389.71
range	4.30-25.40	5-12	73.10-383.23	163.74-1376.28

Note:

No. of s

C_{max} = maximal concentration of therapeutic agent in blood t_{max} = time to maximal concentration of therapeutic agent in blood AUC = area under the plasma concentration of therapeutic agent curve No. of s. = number of subjects

The comparison preparation for sustained release 160 mg propranolol hydrochloride tablets were sustained release 160 mg Inderal® tablets. The above results demonstrate the superior bioavailability of sustained release propranolol tablets (approximately 25 %, as calculated from AUC^{0.∞}). The plasma concentration diagrams are suitable for a sustained release form.

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Claims

1. Sustained release tablets comprising a therapeutic active agent and a carrier base material, characterized in that the carrier base material comprises hydroxypropylmethylcellulose having a methoxyl content of 28 to 30 weight-%, a hydroxypropoxyl content of 7.5 to 12 weight-% and an average molecular weight of at least 50 000, in a proportion of about 20 to about 40 weight-% of the tablet, optionally up to 10 weight-% of glycerol ditripalmitostearate and from about 10 to about 20 weight-% of microcrystalline cellulose and other conventional pharmaceutically acceptable adjuvants.

- 2. Sustained release tablets as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the therapeutic agent is selected from, yet not limited to aminophylline, theophylline, ketoprofen, propranolol hydrochloride, dihydroergotamine and other ergot alkaloids in the form of acid addition salts, glyceryl trinitrate, isosorbide dinitrate and lithium carbonate.
- 3. A process for the manufacture of sustained release tablets as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that a mixture of a therapeutic agent and a carrier base material, comprising hydroxypropylmethylcellulose having a methoxyl content of 28 to 30 weight-%, a hydroxypropoxyl content of 7.5 to 12 weight-% and an average molecular weight of at least 50 000 in a proportion of about 20 to about 40 weight-% of the tablet, optionally up to 10 weight-% of glycerol ditripalmitostearate and from about 10 to about 20 weight-% of microcrystalline cellulose and other conventional pharmaceutically acceptable adjuvants, is compressed and shaped.
- 4. A process for the manufacture of sustained release tablets as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that the therapeutic agent is selected from, yet not limited to aminophylline, theophylline, ketoprofen, propranolol hydrochlonde, dihydroergotamine and other ergot alkaloids in the form of acid addition salts, glyceryl trinitrate, isosorbide dinitrate and lithium carbonate.



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

88 10 3715

ategory		SIDERED TO BE RELEVA th indication, where appropriate, passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF TH
У,Х	GB-A-2 181 053 (1,3	APPLICATION (Int. Cl.4) A 61 K 9/22 A 61 K 9/26
Y	GB-A-2 170 407 (* Page 1, line 1	SANDOZ LTD) - page 3, line 55 *	1-4	
Y	EP-A-0 156 592 (/CORP.)	AMERICAN HOME PRODUCTS	1-4	
·		- page 6, line 26 *	,	
	• •			
				TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.4)
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	The present search report has	heen drawn up for all states	_	
	Place of search	Date of completion of the search		Exampler
THE	HAGUE	27-06-1988	TZSCL	HOPPE, D. A.

FPO FORM ISH OLAS (POSP)

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I : theory or principle underlying the invention
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 after the filing date
 D : document cited in the application
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